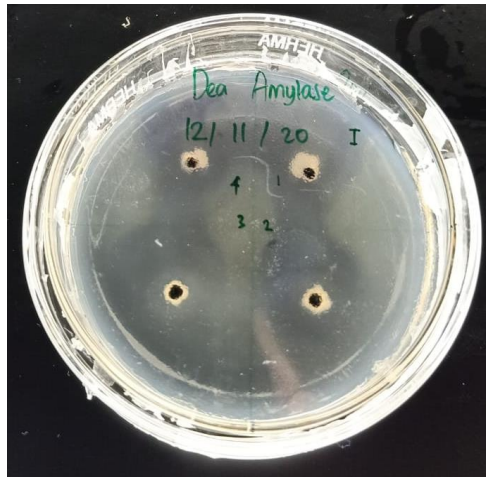
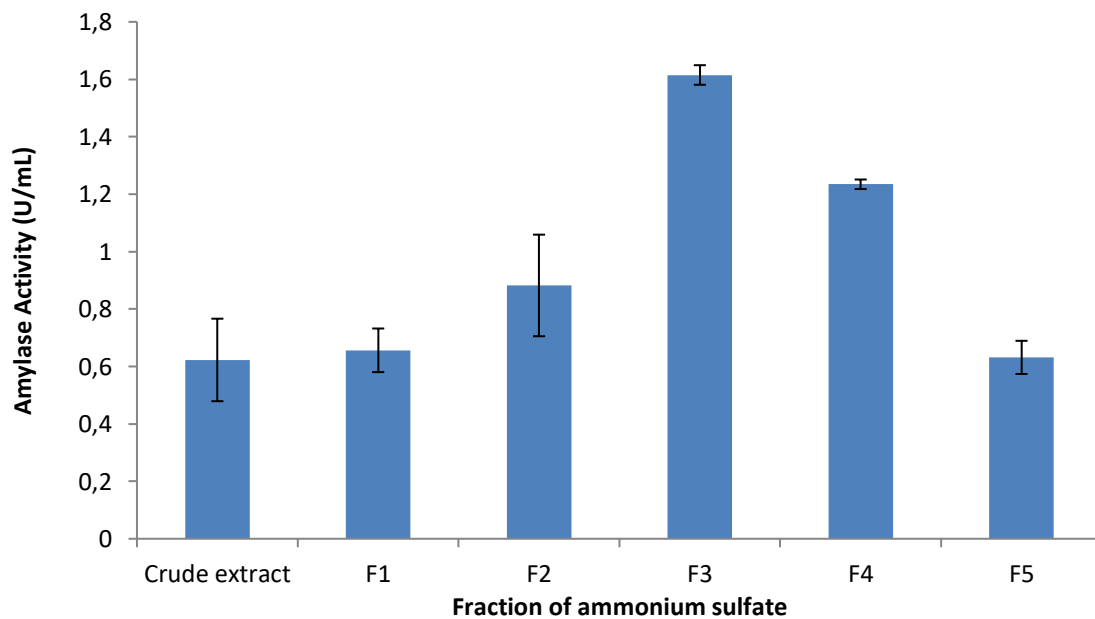


SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Purification and characterization of thermostable alpha-amylase from *Geobacillus* sp. DS3 from Sikidang Crater, Central Java, Indonesia

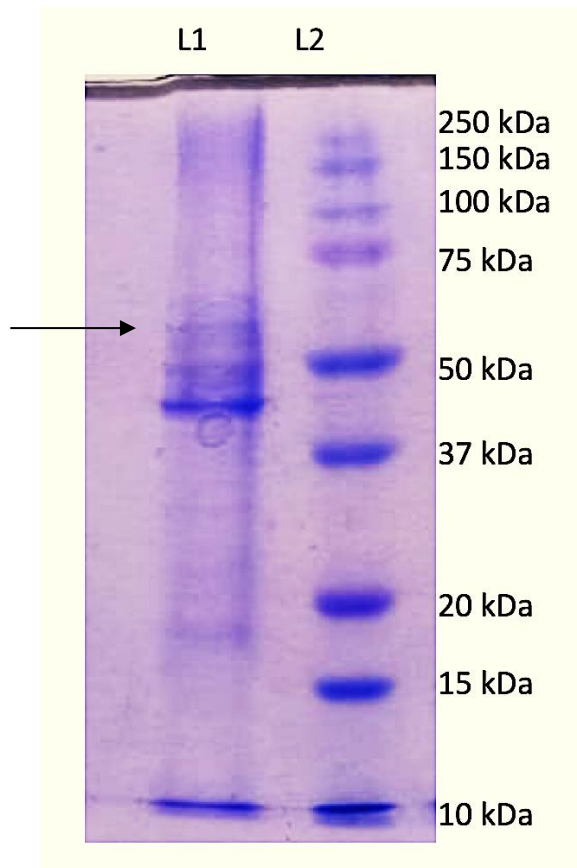


Supplementary Figure 1. Alpha amylase's clear zone at 50°C for 24 h of incubation.



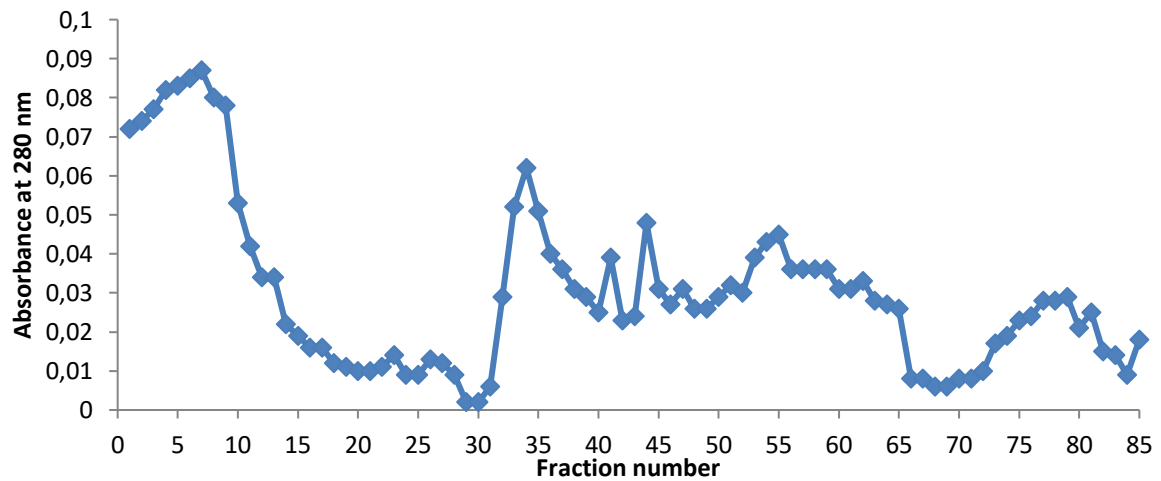
Supplementary Figure 2. Effect of ammonium sulfate precipitation on partial purification on enzyme activity. Note: F1: fraction 0-20% of ammonium sulfate, F2: fraction 20-40% of

ammonium sulfate, F3: fraction 40-60% of ammonium sulfate, F4: fraction 60-80% of ammonium sulfate, F5: fraction 80-100% of ammonium sulfate.



Supplementary Figure 3. Molecular weight determination using SDS-PAGE.

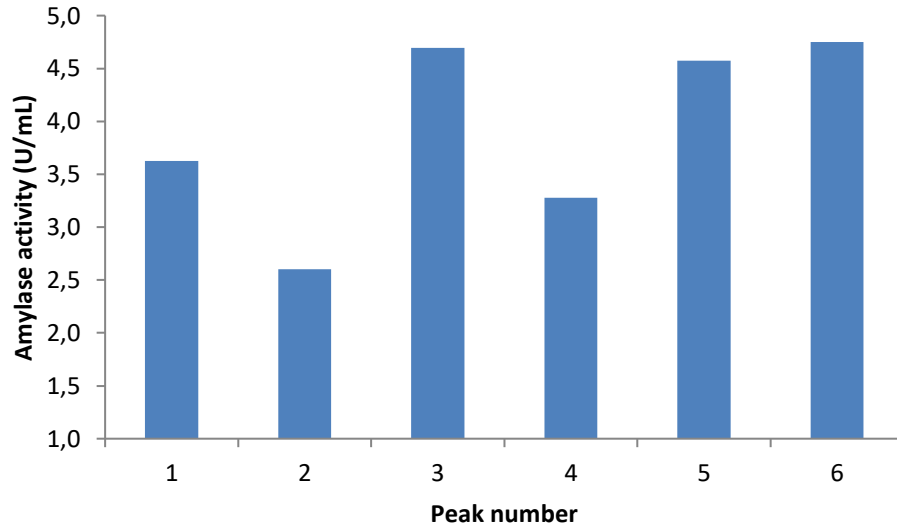
L1: ammonium sulfate 40-60% extract, L2: protein marker Precision Plus Protein Dual Color Standards, Biorad ®



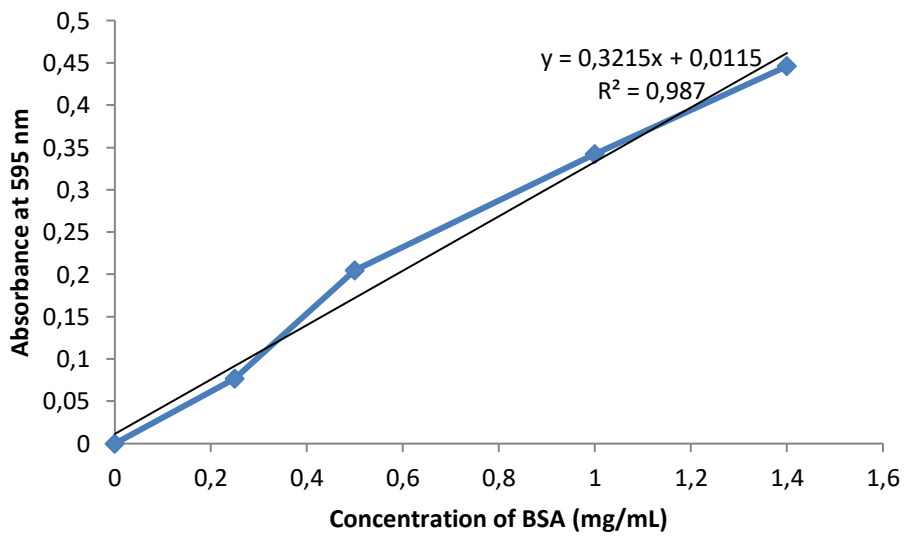
Supplementary Figure 4. Absorbance of DEAE Sephadex fractions at 280 nm

Fraction 1-25: Unbound (phosphate buffer), Fraction 26-45: Bound (phosphate buffer + NaCl 0.1M), Fraction 46-65: Bound (phosphate buffer + NaCl 0.25 M), Fraction 66-85: Bound (phosphate buffer + NaCl 0.5 M)

Fraction 4,5,6,7 as Peak 1, fraction 33,34,35 as Peak 2, Fraction 41 as Peak 3, fraction 44 as Peak 4, fraction 53,54,55 as Peak 5, and fraction 79,80,81 as Peak 6.



Supplementary Figure 5. Alpha-amylase activity at peaks from DEAE Sephadex.



Supplementary Figure 6. Bradford standard curve